



Juvenile products

THE LATEST REGULATORY NEWS - SEPTEMBER 2018

Recently, new safety standards for pushchairs, prams, sling carriers and soft carriers without integrated leg openings have been approved in Europe.

Read all details now and contact UL's juvenile products experts for more details:

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New European standard EN 1888 part 1: pushchairs and prams

The new European standard EN 1888-1 specifies the safety requirements and test methods for pushchairs and prams, designed for the carriage of one or more children, up to 15 kg each and up to 20 kg for any integrated platform on which a child can stand. The standard EN 1888-1:2018 has been approved in August 2018.

The standard EN 1888:2012 has been modified and the modification has been included in the EN 1888-1:2018. The main requirements present in the new standard are:

- Revision of the chemical hazards requirement
- Modification of the entrapment hazards requirement
- Modification of hazards from moving parts requirement
- Modification of the entanglement hazards requirement
- Modification of the test method of the parking and braking device
- Modification of the requirement and test method concerning the stability of the product
- Introduction of an informative Annex giving relevant translations for warning sentences

Source: CEN

New European standard EN 1888 part 2: pushchairs for children above 15 kg up to 22 kg

The new European standard EN 1888-2 specifies the additional safety requirements and test methods for pushchairs, designed for the carriage of one or more children, above 15 kg and up to 22 kg each. This European standard applies in conjunction with and in addition to the European standard EN 1888-1 and cannot be used separately.

The standard EN 1888-2:2018 has been approved in August 2018 and the main requirements present in the new standard are:

- Introduction of requirements and test methods for the restraint system
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to verify the stability of the product
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to verify the structural integrity after the irregular surface test
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to verify the structural integrity after the dynamic strength
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to verify the structural integrity after the handle strength

Source: CEN

New Italian standard dedicated to sling carriers and soft carrier without integrated leg openings

The new Italian standard dedicated to the sling carriers and soft carrier without integrated leg openings is in a final drafting phase.

The standard will specify safety requirements and test methods for sling carriers and soft carrier without integrated leg openings designed to carry a child in one or more positions and secured to the carrier's torso. The standard applies to the following types of products for full-term babies:

- Baby wraps
- One shoulder carriers
- Slings with panel
- Soft carrier without integrated leg openings

The main requirements present in the new standard are:

- Introduction of chemical requirements and test methods
- Introduction of flammability requirements and test methods
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to avoid entanglement in cords, ribbons and parts used as ties
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to avoid choking and ingestion hazards
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to avoid hazards from inadequate structural integrity and inadequate protective function
- Introduction of requirements and test methods to avoid falling hazards
- Introduction of product information with specific attention to marking, purchase information and instruction of use

Source: UNI

